Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Table of Contents (Concluded)

	Page No
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements District-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	04
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	22
Notes to Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information	20
Other Postemployment Benefits	
Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios New York State Teachers' Retirement System	54
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Schedule of Contributions	55 55
New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	56
Schedule of Contributions	56
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules	
Major Governmental Funds General Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	57
Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget	58
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget	60
Capital Projects Fund	0.4
Project-Length Schedule	64
Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	66
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	67
Supplementary Information	
Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget	68
Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation	68
Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets	69

Table of Contents (Concluded)

	Page No.
Federal Programs	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and	
Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	70
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	
Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	72
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	75
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	76
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	77
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	79



Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the North Salem Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Salem Central School District, New York ("School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Policy

We draw attention to Note 2E in the notes to financial statements which disclose the effects of the School District's adoption of the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules included under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York September 29, 2023



Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A")
June 30, 2023

This discussion and analysis of the North Salem Central School District, New York's ("School District") financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section, to enhance understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022-2023 are as follows:

- New York State Law limits the amount of unassigned fund balance, exclusive of encumbrances and amounts assigned for the subsequent year's budget that can be retained in the General Fund to 4% of the ensuing school year's budget. At the end of the current fiscal year, this amount for the General Fund was \$1,904,127 or 3.86%, and therefore within the statutory limit.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds financial statement reports a combined fund balance of \$7,936,664 an increase of \$1,161,379 from the prior year. Of this amount, the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund is \$1,904,127.
- On the district-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School District exceeded the assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of its most recent fiscal year by \$18,592,312. This represented an increase of \$3,442,039 for the year ended June 30, 2023.
- During the current fiscal year, the School District retired \$730,000 of general obligation bonds issued in previous years for various capital projects. In May 2015, the School District received voter authorization to issue bonds for up to \$12,721,216 to reconstruct various school district buildings. The School District issued bonds totaling \$10,500,000 to date for this project. The remaining bonds are expected to be issued as the projects progress. In May 2021, the School District received voter authorization to move forward with the Athletic Field Improvement project in an amount not to exceed \$6,997,132. The School District issued bonds totaling \$5,162,658 to date for this project.
- For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District's OPEB liability of \$ 7,013,532 is reflected on the district-wide Statement of Net Position and impacts the total net position calculation. More detailed information about the School District's OPEB obligations reported in accordance with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions", is presented in Note 3F in the notes to the financial statements.
- The district-wide financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are also significantly impacted by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." This pronouncement established accounting and financial reporting requirements associated with the School District's participation in the cost sharing multiple employer pension plans administered by the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). Under this standard, cost-sharing employers are required to report in their district-wide financial statements a net pension liability (asset), pension expense and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources based on their proportionate share of the collective amounts for all of the municipalities and school

districts in the plan. At June 30, 2023, the School District reported in its Statement of Net Position a liability for its proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability of \$ 3,363,220 and \$2,069,553 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. More detailed information about the School District's pension plan reporting in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, including amounts reported as pension expense and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, is presented in Note 3F in the notes to financial statements.

• The School District reviewed the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" (SBITA's) and its impact on the School District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2023, the school District reported in its Statement of Net position a subscription liability of \$8,167, which is presented in Note 3F in the notes to financial statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: (1) district-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains combining and individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

District-Wide Financial Statements

The *district-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The statement of net position presents information on all of the School District's assets, liabilities
 and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time,
 increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial
 position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.
- The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, community services, cost of food sales, interest and general support.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

- A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.
- Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as
 governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, unlike the district-wide
 financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and
 outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the
 end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term
 financing requirements.

- Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.
- The School District maintains seven individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Special Purpose Fund, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Fund and Permanent Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Capital Projects and Special Aid funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.
- The School District adopts an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with budget.
- The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for assets held by the School District on behalf of others. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, the School District had no such activity to report in this fund category.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to financial statements. These include the required supplementary information for the School District's other postemployment and pension benefit liabilities, the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

District-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the School District's financial position. In the case of the North Salem Central School District, New York, at the close of the current fiscal year, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$18,592,312.

Net Position

	June 30,				
	2023	2022			
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$ 13,666,191 36,251,440	\$ 37,332,363 30,689,928			
Total Assets	49,917,631	68,022,291			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,813,336	16,076,951			
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	5,740,601 26,209,483	11,621,539 17,352,996			
Total Liabilities	31,950,084	28,974,535			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,188,571	39,974,437			
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	22,672,057	22,221,371			
Capital Projects Future Capital Projects	623,518 47,457	229,113 45,793			
Tax Certiorari Unemployment Benefits ERS Retirement Contributions	899,034 7,244 1,330,127	867,493 11,975 1,299,249			
TRS Retirement Contributions Property Loss Reserve and Liability Claims	1,122,453 140,051	1,147,768			
Debt Service Special Purposes	559,618 110,205	242,816 109,731			
Permanent Unrestricted	85,270 (9,004,722)	83,249 (11,108,334)			
Total Net Position	\$ 18,592,312	\$ 15,150,273			

The largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Unrestricted net position, which is a deficit of (\$9,004,722), primarily results from the recognition of the School District's total OPEB liability of \$7,013,532 required under GASB Statement No. 75. Overall, net position increased by \$3,442,039.

Changes in Net Position

	June 30,				
	2023	2022			
REVENUES					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 1,529,736	\$ 1,145,953			
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,529,995	1,722,668			
Capital Grants and Contributions	341,802	271,228			
Total Program Revenues	3,401,533	3,139,849			
General Revenues					
Real Property Taxes	39,436,047	38,488,055			
Other Tax Items	1,621,798	1,739,808			
Non-Property Taxes	587,059	585,370			
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	386,446	11,560			
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	180,199	274,142			
Unrestricted State Aid	3,614,155	2,964,488			
Miscellaneous	163,685	216,432			
Total General Revenues	45,989,389	44,279,855			
Total Revenues	49,390,922	47,419,704			
PROGRAM EXPENSES					
General Support	7,145,287	5,784,201			
Instruction	34,804,128	32,088,751			
Pupil Transportation	2,874,434	2,744,074			
Community Services	83,682	59,824			
Cost of Food Sales	558,480	577,485			
Interest	482,872	262,126			
Total Expenses	45,948,883	41,516,461			
Change in Net Position	3,442,039	5,903,243			
NET POSITION					
Beginning	15,150,273	9,247,030			
Ending	\$ 18,592,312	\$ 15,150,273			

The following are the major changes in Net Position:

Revenues:

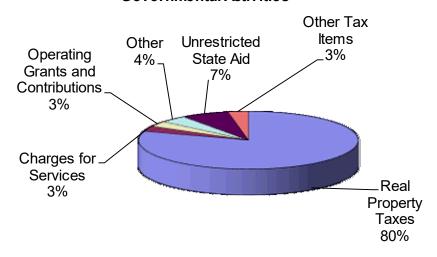
- Real property taxes increased by \$947,992. The current property tax increase is attributed to
 projected increased expenses related to instruction, employee benefits and transportation. It is also
 a result of the continuing decrease in STAR (see below). The School District relies upon real
 property taxes as its primary source of revenue.
- Other tax items include revenues received for the School Tax Relief Reimbursement Program
 ("STAR"). The STAR Program provides tax relief to homeowners by decreasing the assessments
 taxable to the homeowner or by providing a refund of a portion of school taxes paid. As a result, in
 changes to the New York State law, this revenue decreased by \$118,010 shifting this burden from
 the state to the taxpayers.
- State Aid increased by \$649,667.

Expenses:

- General Support expenses increased by \$1,361,086 and Instructional expenses decreased by \$2,715,377. The increase and decrease was due to changes to inflows and outflows related to OPEB and future liabilities to ERS and TRS.
- Pupil transportation increased by \$ 130,360. Transportation needs increased due to the student's school activities increasing since the pandemic.

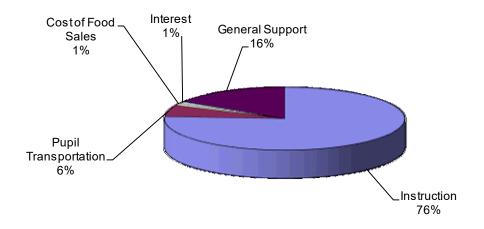
The following graphs depict where the School District revenues were derived and how monies were spent. As you can see, the School District relies upon real property taxes for 80% of its revenue, while the School District's largest expense, instructional costs, accounts for 76% of total expenses.

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2023
Governmental Activities



Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

Expenses for Fiscal Year 2023
Governmental Activities



As noted earlier, the School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the School District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

		Fu	und Balance
Nonspendable Fund Balance	Reserve for Trust (Permanent Fund) Reserve for Inventories	\$	43,888 4,239
			48,127
Restricted Fund Balance	Reserve for Tax Certiorari Reserve for Unemployment Benefits Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve for ERS Retirement Contributions Reserve for TRS Retirement Contributions Reserve for Property Loss and Liability Claims Reserve for Future Capital Projects Reserve for Debt Service Reserve for Special Purposes Permanent Fund Unreserved Fund Balance		899,034 7,244 413,121 1,330,127 1,122,453 140,051 187,151 559,618 110,205 41,382
			4,810,386
Assigned Fund Balance	Reserve for Encumbrances: General Government Support Instruction Transportation School Lunch Fund Unreserved Fund Balance Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures - Unassigned Fund Balance	_	8,779 281,667 49,935 8,643 825,000
Unassigned Fund Balance	Unreserved and Undesignated		1,904,127
Total Fund Balance (as of June	Q	\$	7,936,664

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances as noted above of \$7,936,664, an increase of \$1,161,379 from the prior year. Of this amount, \$48,127 is in non-spendable form while \$4,810,386 is restricted for various purposes (\$899,034 for tax certiorari obligations, \$7,244 for unemployment benefits, \$413,121 for employee benefit accrued liabilities, \$2,452,580 for retirement system obligations, \$140,051 for liability claims, \$187,151 for capital projects, \$559,618 for debt service purposes, \$110,205 for special purposes and \$41,382 for the spendable portion of the Permanent Fund). Another \$1,174,024 of the total fund balance is assigned. These funds are to fund purchases on order of \$1,904,127, \$8,643 to be used for School Lunch Fund purposes and \$825,000 to be used to balance the General Fund's subsequent year's budget.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. Revenues and other financing sources were favorable compared to the final budget by \$945,490. The key factor contributing to this variance was an increase in charges for services of non-resident tuition from other districts and earnings on investments. Expenditures and other financing uses were \$1,303,055 or 3%, less than the final budget. Expenditures savings occurred in all functional expenditure categories.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the School District. The adopted budget for fiscal year 2022-2023 is \$47,860,718 exclusive of encumbrances. During the fiscal year, appropriation transfers within the budget were made to address the operational needs of the School District. The final adjusted budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 was \$48,517,973.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the School District had \$36,251,440 net of accumulated depreciation invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, construction-in-progress, buildings and improvements and machinery and equipment. The change in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below.

	June 30,				
Class		2023		2022	
Land	\$	110,000	\$	110,000	
Construction-in-Progress		6,904,991		1,964,425	
Buildings and Improvements		27,414,871		27,816,270	
Machinery and Equipment		1,803,241		749,379	
Right-to-Use Lease Equipment		6,994		49,854	
Right-to-Use Subscription Assets		11,343		_	
Total Capital Assets, net of					
accumulated depreciation	\$	36,251,440	\$	30,689,928	

More detailed information about the School District's capital assets is presented in Note 3B in the notes to financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

The School District had general obligation and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

	June 30,				
		2023		2022	
General Obligation Bonds Payable Lease Payable Subscription Liability Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability (ERS and TRS) Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations	\$	13,085,000 6,776 8,167 663,235 5,432,773 7,013,532	\$	7,770,000 48,884 - 690,943 - 8,843,169	
Total	\$	26,209,483	\$	17,352,996	

- The School District, during the 2022-2023 fiscal year, paid \$730,000 in principal on general obligation bonds.
- The School District also has \$2,529,021 in short-term bond anticipation notes outstanding Note 3D.

More detailed information about the School District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 3F in the notes to financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School District's finances for all those with an interest in the School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

North Salem Central School District Attn: Mr. Eric M. Stark Director of Business Administration 230 June Road North Salem, New York 10560-1204 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 6,310,518 5,933,566
Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Inventory Capital assets	381,427 906,728 129,713 4,239
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	7,014,991 29,236,449
Total Assets	49,917,631
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related OPEB related	13,822,792 1,990,544
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	15,813,336
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Bond anticipation notes payable Due to other governments Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues Accrued interest payable Non-current liabilities	532,712 48,981 2,529,021 38,647 2,456,243 123,923 11,074
Due within one year Due in more than one year	1,263,824 24,945,659
Total Liabilities	31,950,084
DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related OPEB related	1,227,506 13,961,065
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	15,188,571
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted	22,672,057
Capital projects Future capital projects Tax certiorari Unemployment benefits ERS retirement contributions TRS retirement contributions Property loss reserve and liability claims Debt service	623,518 47,457 899,034 7,244 1,330,127 1,122,453 140,051 559,618
Special purposes Extraclassroom activity Other Permanent	53,599 56,606
Nonspendable Spendable Unrestricted	43,888 41,382 (9,004,722)
Total Net Position	\$ 18,592,312



Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues					N	let (Expense)		
						Operating		Capital	F	Revenue and	
				Charges for	Grants and		Grants and		Changes in		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	Contributions			Net Position	
Governmental Activities General support	\$	7,145,287	\$	7,530	\$	110,503	\$	-	\$	(7,027,254)	
Instruction		34,804,128		1,178,638		1,140,202		-		(32,485,288)	
Pupil transportation		2,874,434		-		-		-		(2,874,434)	
Community services Cost of food sales		83,682		-		84,156		-		474	
Interest		558,480		343,568		195,134		244 902		(19,778)	
meresi		482,872						341,802		(141,070)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	45,948,883	\$	1,529,736	\$	1,529,995	\$	341,802		(42,547,350)	
71011711100	<u> </u>	10,010,000	<u> </u>	1,020,100	Ψ	1,020,000	<u> </u>	011,002		(12,011,000)	
	Ge	eneral revenues									
		Real property ta								39,436,047	
		Other tax items								,,.	
		School tax relie	ef re	imbursement						1,617,197	
		Interest and pe	nalt	ies on real pro	per	ty taxes				4,601	
	1	Non-property tax	xes								
		Non-property to	ax d	istribution fror	n Co	ounty				587,059	
	Į	Jnrestricted use	of r	money and pr	oper	ty				386,446	
		Sale of property			n fo	r loss				180,199	
	ι	Jnrestricted Sta	te a	id						3,614,155	
	ľ	Miscellaneous								163,685	
		Total General	Rev	enues						45,989,389	
		Change in Net	t Pos	sition						3,442,039	
	Ne	t Position - Beg	inniı	ng						15,150,273	
	Ne	t Position - End	ing						\$	18,592,312	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

ASSETS	 General	Capital Projects	Special Aid
Cash and equivalents Investments	\$ 3,255,902 5,233,695	\$ 2,696,734	\$ 224,080
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid	380,789 689,300	-	- 206,597
Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories	129,713 344,860 -	- 6,578 -	- - -
Total Assets	\$ 10,034,259	\$ 2,703,312	\$ 430,677
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Bond anticipation notes payable	\$ 456,406 48,981	\$ 32,974 - 2,529,021	\$ 17,824 - -
Due to other funds Due to other governments	38,607	1,623	351,438 -
Due to retirement systems Unearned revenues	 2,456,243 5,027	 <u> </u>	 61,415
Total Liabilities	 3,005,264	 2,563,618	 430,677
Fund balances Nonspendable	-	-	-
Restricted Assigned Unassigned	 3,959,487 1,165,381 1,904,127	139,694 - 	- - -
Total Fund Balances	 7,028,995	 139,694	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 10,034,259	\$ 2,703,312	\$ 430,677

Non-Major Governmental		G	Total Sovernmental Funds
\$	133,802 699,871	\$	6,310,518 5,933,566
	638 10,831		381,427 906,728 129,713
	1,623 4,239		353,061 4,239
\$	851,004	\$	14,019,252
\$	25,508 - - - 40 - 57,481	\$	532,712 48,981 2,529,021 353,061 38,647 2,456,243 123,923
	83,029		6,082,588
	48,127 711,205 8,643 - 767,975	_	48,127 4,810,386 1,174,024 1,904,127 7,936,664
\$	851,004	\$	14,019,252



Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the District-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 7,936,664
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	7,014,991
Capital assets - depreciable/amortizable	47,632,037
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	 (18,395,588)
	 36,251,440
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes and net differences between projected and actual earnings and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the postretirement benefits (pension and OPEB) are recognized as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources on the statement of net position.	
Deferred outflows - pension related	13,822,792
Deferred outflows - OPEB related	1,990,544
Deferred inflows - pension related	(1,227,506)
Deferred inflows - OPEB related	 (13,961,065)
	624,765
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(11,074)
Leases payable	(6,776)
SBITA's payable	(8,167)
General obligation bonds payable	(13,085,000)
Compensated absences	(663,235)
Net pension liability - ERS	(3,363,220)
Net pension liability - TRS	(2,069,553)
Total OPEB liability	 (7,013,532)
	 (26,220,557)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 18,592,312

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 General	Capital Projects	 Special Aid
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and	\$ 39,436,047 1,621,798 587,059 1,268,999 504,479	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
compensation for loss State aid Federal aid Food sales Miscellaneous	180,199 3,684,773 - - 204,194	- - - -	- 159,246 943,978 - -
Total Revenues	 47,487,548	 	 1,103,224
EXPENDITURES Current General support Instruction Pupil transportation Community services Employee benefits Cost of food sales Other	5,910,164 26,318,899 2,314,199 - 10,673,750	- - - - -	- 867,466 - - - - -
Capital outlay Debt service Principal Interest	- - 249,571	 6,466,410	- - -
Total Expenditures	 45,466,583	 6,466,410	 867,466
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 2,020,965	 (6,466,410)	 235,758
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued SBITA's issued Transfers in Transfers out	- - 25,000 (1,748,335)	 6,045,000 11,667 969,997	 - - 75,673 (311,431)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,723,335)	7,026,664	 (235,758)
Net Change in Fund Balances	297,630	560,254	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Beginning of Year	 6,731,365	 (420,560)	
End of Year	\$ 7,028,995	\$ 139,694	\$

Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds				
\$ - - - 347,525	\$ 39,436,047 1,621,798 587,059 1,268,999 852,004				
5,488 188,993 343,568 82,107	180,199 3,849,507 1,132,971 343,568 286,301				
967,681	49,558,453				
1,000 - 8,349 - 558,480 75,333 - 775,608 234,512 1,653,282	5,910,164 27,187,365 2,314,199 8,349 10,673,750 558,480 75,333 6,466,410 775,608 484,083				
(685,601)	(4,895,288)				
1,014,096 (25,000)	6,045,000 11,667 2,084,766 (2,084,766)				
989,096	6,056,667				
303,495	1,161,379				
464,480	6,775,285				
\$ 767,975	\$ 7,936,664				

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,161,379
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Capital outlay expenditures		6,696,689
Depreciation/amortization expense		(1,135,177)
		5,561,512
Bond and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. General obligation bonds issued Principal paid on general obligation bonds SBITA's issued Principal paid on leases Principal paid on SBITA's	· —	(6,045,000) 730,000 (11,667) 42,108 3,500 (5,281,059)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Accrued interest		1,211
Compensated absences		27,708
Claims payable		1,320,000
Changes in pension assets, liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		(1,244,343)
Changes in OPEB liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources		1,895,631
		2,000,207
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,442,039

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget		
Real property taxes	\$	39,444,069	\$	39,444,069	\$	39,436,047	\$	(8,022)		
Other tax items	•	1,617,197	•	1,617,197	·	1,621,798	•	4,601		
Non-property taxes		550,000		550,000		587,059		37,059		
Charges for services		822,474		822,474		1,268,999		446,525		
Use of money and property Sale of property and		80,000		80,000		504,479		424,479		
compensation for loss		1,000		164,751		180,199		15,448		
State aid		3,583,004		3,583,004		3,684,773		101,769		
Miscellaneous		240,054		280,563		204,194		(76,369)		
Total Revenues		46,337,798		46,542,058		47,487,548		945,490		
EXPENDITURES Current										
General support		5,361,622		6,017,271		5,910,164		107,107		
Instruction		27,141,267		27,189,559		26,318,899		870,660		
Pupil transportation		2,470,768		2,399,636		2,314,199		85,437		
Employee benefits		11,305,233		10,906,077		10,673,750		232,327		
Debt service		11,000,200		10,000,011		10,070,700		202,021		
Interest		248,266		249,571		249,571				
Total Expenditures		46,527,156		46,762,114		45,466,583		1,295,531		
Excess (Deficiency) of Rev-										
enues Over Expenditures		(189,358)		(220,056)		2,020,965		2,241,021		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		25,000		25,000		25,000		-		
Transfers out		(1,689,213)		(1,755,859)		(1,748,335)		7,524		
Total Other Financing Uses		(1,664,213)		(1,730,859)		(1,723,335)		7,524		
		(1,001,010)	-	(1,100,000)		(1,1=0,000)		.,		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,853,571)		(1,950,915)		297,630		2,248,545		
FUND BALANCE										
Beginning of Year		1,853,571		1,950,915		6,731,365		4,780,450		
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	7,028,995	\$	7,028,995		



Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The North Salem Central School District, New York ("School District"), as presently constituted, was established in 1926 and operates in accordance with the provisions of the Education Law of the State of New York. The Board of Education is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the School District and is elected by the voters of the School District. The Superintendent serves as the chief executive officer. The School District's primary function is to provide education for its pupils. Services such as transportation of pupils, administration, finance and plant maintenance support the primary function.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District's significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the School District, b) organizations for which the School District is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School District are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the School District, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the School District's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

The School District participates in the Putnam-Northern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services ("BOCES"), a jointly governed entity. BOCES is a voluntary cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services and programs, which provide educational and support services. BOCES' governing board is elected based on the vote of members of the participating district's governing boards. BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. BOCES charges the districts for program costs based on participation and for administrative and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital costs is determined by the ratio which the component school district's full value of taxable properties in effect at the time of adoption bears to the total full value of taxable properties of all component school districts within the BOCES as defined by Education Law. Copies of BOCES' financial statements can be requested from Putnam-Northern Westchester BOCES, 200 BOCES Drive, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598.

B. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the School District as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

While separate district-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The School District maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the district-wide presentation. The School District's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following represents the School District's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The major special revenue fund of the School District is the Special Aid Fund. The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special projects or programs supported in whole or in part with Federal or State funds. The major revenues of this fund are Federal and State aid.

The School District also reports the following non-major governmental funds:

School Lunch Fund - The School Lunch Fund is used to record the operations of the breakfast and lunch programs of the School District.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the School District in accordance with grantor or contributor stipulations. Among the activities included in the Special Purpose Fund are extraclassroom activity funds.

Permanent Fund - The Permanent Fund is used to account for assets that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the School District's programs.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest, and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

b. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in District-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in an agency capacity on behalf of others. In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, "*Fiduciary Activities*", the School District had no such activity to report in this fund category.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The district-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are recognized as revenues when the expenditure is made and the amounts are expected to be collected within one year of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other postemployment benefit liability are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Cash and Equivalents, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The School District's deposits and investment policies are governed by State statutes. The School District has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The School District is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The School District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

The School District follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist.

The School District participates in the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System ("CLASS"), a cooperative investment pool, established pursuant to Articles 3A and 5G of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. CLASS has designated Public Trust Advisors, LLC as its registered investment advisor. Public Trust Advisors, LLC is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and is subject to all of the rules and regulations of an investment advisor handling public funds. As such, the SEC provides regulatory oversight of CLASS.

The pool is authorized to invest in various securities issued by the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of New York and repurchase agreements. These investments are reported at fair value. The balance at June 30, 2023 was \$5,933,566. CLASS issues separately available audited financial statements with a year end of June 30th.

The School District's position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares. The maximum maturity for any specific investment in the portfolio is 397 days.

Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of CLASS, which may be obtained from Public Trust Advisors, LLC, 717 17th Street, Suite 1850, Denver, CO 80202.

CLASS is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's Rating Service. Local government investment cooperatives in this rating category meet the highest standards for credit quality, conservative investment policies and safety of principal. CLASS invests in a high quality portfolio of investments legally permissible for municipalities and school districts in the State.

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The School District's formal investment policy does not address limits of investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the School District does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3", directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the School District's name. The School District's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The School District does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The School District's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Property Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of July 1st and are payable in two installments in September and January. The various towns which are included in the levy are responsible for the billing and collection of taxes. In Westchester County, the towns guarantee the full payment of the School District warrant on March 31st and assume responsibility for the uncollected taxes. For taxes collected from residents of Putnam County, the towns transfer collection responsibility to the County on November 1st. On or about April 1st, Putnam County remits to the School District the balance of all uncollected taxes thus making the School District whole.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the School District. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2023, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventory - Inventory in the School Lunch Fund consists of surplus food at a stated value which approximates market. These inventories consist primarily of items held for consumption. The cost is recorded as inventory at the time individual inventory items are purchased. The School District uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. In the fund financial statements, reported amounts are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and are reported in the governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets (except intangible right-to-use assets, which are discussed in note 3B) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant and equipment, right-to-use subscription assets, and right-to-use leased assets of the School District are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Class	Life in Years
	·
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Machinery and Equipment	8-20
Right-to-use Leased Equipment	3-5
Right-to-use Subscription Assets	3-5

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of tangible and intangible capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. In the district-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consists of amounts received in advance and/or amounts from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The School District has reported unearned revenues of \$5,027 in the General Fund for health insurance and State and Federal aid received in advance, \$61,415 in the Special Aid Fund for State and Federal aid received in advance, and \$57,481 in the School Lunch Fund for student lunch card money and State and Federal aid received in advance. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditures/expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The School District has reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in the district-wide financial statement. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the School District's pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities in Note 3F.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Debt Service or Capital Projects funds expenditures.

Leases - The School District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset ("lease asset") in the district-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise. The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Right-to-use leased assets are reported with other capital assets and right-to-use lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the Statement of Net Position.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements - The School District has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA's") with various vendors. SBITA's are defined as arrangements in which a government entity contracts with a vendor to access and use software applications and related data posted by the vendor on the vendors' servers. The School District recognizes right-to-use subscription assets associated with its SBITA agreements and discloses the total amount of subscription assets and the related accumulated amortization, disclosed separately from other capital assets. The School District also discloses any payments not included in the measurement of subscription assets.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the district-wide Statement of Net Position as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) - The net pension liability (asset) represents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date — An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68".

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB") - In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides health care benefits for certain retired employees and their survivors. The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions".

Net Position - represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are also included in this component of net position.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Restricted net position for the School District includes restricted for capital projects, future capital projects, tax certiorari, unemployment benefits, ERS and TRS retirement contributions, property loss reserve and liability claims, debt service, special purposes and permanent funds.

Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables) or they

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in the General Municipal Law or Education Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the School District that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the Board of Education.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the Board of Education for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or by delegated authority to the Assistant Superintendent for Business Administration for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, any deficit fund balance is reported as unassigned.

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the School District's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the School District's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

The School District has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is September 29, 2023.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The School District generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) At least seven days prior to the budget hearing, a copy of the budget is made available to the voters.
- b) At the budget hearing, the voters may raise questions concerning the items contained in the budget.
- c) The Board of Education establishes a date for the annual meeting, which by law will be held on the third Tuesday in May.
- d) The voters are permitted to vote upon the General Fund budget at the annual meeting.
- e) If the original proposed budget is not approved by the voters, the Board of Education has the option of either resubmitting the original or revising the budget for voter approval at a special meeting held at a later date; or the Board of Education may, at that point, adopt a contingency budget. If the Board of Education decides to submit either the original or a revised budget to the voters for a second time, and the voters do not approve the second budget submittal, the Board of Education must adopt a contingency budget and the tax levy cannot exceed the total tax levy of the prior year (0% levy growth). In addition, the administrative component of the contingency budget shall not comprise a greater percentage of the contingency budget exclusive of the capital component than the lesser of either 1) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the prior year budget exclusive of the capital component; or 2) the percentage the administrative component had comprised in the last proposed defeated budget exclusive of the capital component.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General and Debt Service funds.
- g) Budgets for General and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. The Board of Education does not adopt an annual budget for the Special Aid, School Lunch, Special Purpose or Permanent funds since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.
- h) The Board of Education has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Education. Any modification to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- i) Appropriations in the General and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year, pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Education.

B. Limitation on Fund Balance

The School District is limited to the amount of committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance, with certain exceptions, that can be retained. New York State law limits this amount of fund balance to 4% of the ensuing year's budget. The School District is within this statutory limit.

C. Property Tax Limitation

Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011, as amended ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"), modified previous law by imposing a limitation on the amount of tax levy growth from one fiscal year to the next. Such limitation is the lesser of (i) 2% or (ii) the annual percentage increase in the CPI subject to certain exclusions. A budget with a tax levy that does not exceed such limit will require approval by at least 50% of the voters. Approval by at least 60% of the voters will be required for a budget with a tax levy in excess of the limit. In the event the voters reject the budget, the tax levy for the school district's budget for the ensuing fiscal year may not exceed the amount of the tax levy for the prior fiscal year. School districts will be permitted to carry forward a certain portion of their unused tax levy limitation from a prior year.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits certain significant exclusions to the tax levy limit for school districts. These include taxes to pay the local share of debt service on bonds or notes issued to finance voter approved capital expenditures and the refinancing or refunding of such bonds or notes, certain pension cost increases, and other items enumerated in the Tax Levy Limitation Law. However, such exclusion does not apply to taxes to pay debt service on tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, budget notes and deficiency notes; and any obligations issued to finance deficits and certain judgments, including tax certiorari refund payments.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

D. Capital Projects Fund Project Deficits

The deficits in various capital projects arise because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenue only to the extent that they are redeemed. The deficits in these projects will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed from interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing.

E. Change in Accounting Policy

The School District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96. "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA's)", for the year ended June 30, 2023 which established a single model for SBITA accounting based on the concept that SBITA's are a financing of a "right-to-use" underlying asset. This statement requires a subscriber to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The School District implemented the provisions of this statement in the current year – See Note 3B and 3F.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables

The composition of due from/to other funds at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Fund	 Due From Due To				
General	\$ 344,860	\$	-		
Capital Projects	6,578		1,623		
Special Aid	-		351,438		
Non-Major Governmental	1,623		-		
	\$ 353,061	\$	353,061		

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Capital Assets

Changes in the School District's capital assets are as follows:

Class	Balance July 1, 2022			Additions		Deletions	Balance June 30, 2023
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$	110,000 1,964,425	\$	- 5,143,827	\$	- 203,261	\$ 110,000 6,904,991
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$	2,074,425	\$	5,143,827	\$	203,261	\$ 7,014,991
Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Right-to-use Leased Equipment Right-to-use Subscription Assets	\$	42,815,804 3,571,337 99,572	\$	522,238 1,222,218 - 11,667	\$	532,192 78,607	\$ 43,338,042 4,261,363 20,965 11,667
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized	_	46,486,713		1,756,123		610,799	47,632,037
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for: Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment Right-to-use Leased Equipment Right-to-use Subscription Assets		14,999,534 2,821,958 49,718		923,637 168,356 42,860 324		532,192 78,607	15,923,171 2,458,122 13,971 324
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization		17,871,210		1,135,177		610,799	18,395,588
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	\$	28,615,503	\$	620,946	\$		\$ 29,236,449
Capital Assets, net	\$	30,689,928	\$	5,764,773	\$	203,261	\$ 36,251,440

Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged to School District functions and programs as follows:

General Support	\$ 33,025
Instruction	974,558
Pupil Transportation	 127,594

Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense <u>\$ 1,135,177</u>

C. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	(General
		Fund
Payroll and Employee Benefits	\$	48,981

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Short-Term Capital Borrowings – Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in the short-term capital borrowings:

Purpose	Original Issue Date	Maturity Date	Rate of Interest	Balance July 1, 2022	New Issues	Redemptions	Balance June 30, 2023
Reconstruction of Various School Buildings	6/23/2023	6/21/2024	4.75 %	\$ 7,150,455	\$ 997,132	\$ 5,618,566	\$ 2,529,021

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes issued for judgments or settled claims are recorded in the fund paying the claim. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$249,571 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund and \$247,767 district-wide financial statements.

E. Claims Payable

The district-wide financial statements reflect liabilities for self insured health benefit costs, which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR's"). The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation and changes in doctrines of legal liability, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the liability for claims payable was offset by amounts on deposit with the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District reflected a liability of \$1.32 million for such claims payable in the district-wide financial statement.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the School District's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Balance July 1, 2022	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance June 30, 2023	Due Within One-Year
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$ 7,770,000	\$ 6,045,000	\$ 730,000	\$ 13,085,000	\$ 1,190,000
Leases Payable	48,884		42,108	6,776	3,721
Subscription Liability		11,667	3,500	8,167	3,783
Other Non-current Liabilities: Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability - ERS Net Pension Liability - TRS Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	690,943 - - - 8,843,169	41,372 3,363,220 2,069,553 746,657	69,080 - - - 2,576,294	663,235 3,363,220 2,069,553 7,013,532	66,320 - -
Total Non-current Liabilities	9,534,112	6,220,802	2,645,374	13,109,540	66,320
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 17,352,996	\$ 12,277,469	\$ 3,420,982	\$ 26,209,483	\$ 1,263,824

Each governmental fund's liability for leases, subscriptions, compensated absences, net pension liabilities and other postemployment benefit liabilities is liquidated by the General Fund. The School District's indebtedness for general obligation bonds and leases is satisfied by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded primarily by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2023 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Dutstanding at June 30, 2023
District-Wide Improvements	2012	\$ 1,300,000	June, 2027	2.500-3.125 %	\$ 370,000
HS/MS Boiler Plant	2014	730,000	June, 2030	2.250-3.375	355,000
District-Wide Improvements	2015	431,500	June, 2024	2.000-3.000	50,000
District-Wide Improvements	2018	2,700,000	June, 2033	2.125-3.000	890,000
District-Wide Improvements	2019	6,500,000	June, 2033	3.000-3.250	4,180,000
District-Wide Improvements	2022	1,300,000	June, 2033	3.000	1,195,000
District-Wide Improvements	2023	6,045,000	June, 2039	4.000	6,045,000
					\$ 13,085,000

Interest expenditures of \$234,342 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund. Interest expense of \$234,935 was recorded in the district-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Leases Payable

Leases payable at June 30, 2023 are comprised of the following individual agreements:

					/	4mount		
		Outstanding						
	Year of	Issue	Final	Interest	at June 30,			
Purpose	Issue	 Amount Maturity		Rates	2023			
Equipment	2022	\$ 99,572	June, 2026	0.5140-1.0590 %	\$	6,776		

Interest expenditures/expense of \$170 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund and in the district-wide financial statements.

Subscriptions Liability

Subscriptions payable at June 30, 2023 are comprised of the following individual agreements:

		(Original			-	Amount Itstanding
Purpose	Year of Issue	_	Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates		June 30, 2023
Technology	2023	\$	11,667	May, 2026	1.7103- 2.656 %	\$	8,167

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding bonded debt, leases and subscriptions as of June 30, 2023 including interest payments of \$3,187,510 is as follows:

Year Ending			Gen	eral Obligation Bonds	n				Le	eases			
June 30,		Principal		Interest		Total		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	1,190,000	\$	451,633	\$	1,641,633	\$	3,721	\$	48	\$	3,769	
2025		1,120,000		415,513		1,535,513		2,031		24		2,055	
2026		1,135,000		377,662		1,512,662		1,024		4		1,028	
2027		1,165,000		339,337		1,504,337		-		-		-	
2028		1,135,000		299,850		1,434,850		-		-		-	
2029-2033		5,055,000		974,106		6,029,106		-		-		-	
2034-2038		1,870,000		312,400		2,182,400		-		-		-	
2039	_	415,000		16,600		431,600							
	\$	13,085,000	\$	3,187,101	\$	16,272,101	\$	6,776	\$	76	\$	6,852	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Year Ending			Subscri	ptions					Total	
June 30,	F	Principal	Inter	Interest		Total		Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	3,783		217	\$	4,000	\$	1,197,504	\$ 451,898	\$ 1,649,402
2025		4,384		116		4,500		1,126,415	415,653	1,542,068
2026		_		_		-		1,136,024	377,666	1,513,690
2027		_		-		-		1,165,000	339,337	1,504,337
2028		_		-		-		1,135,000	299,850	1,434,850
2029-2033		-		-		-		5,055,000	974,106	6,029,106
2034-2038		-		-		-		1,870,000	312,400	2,182,400
2039								415,000	16,600	431,600
	\$	8,167	\$	333	\$	8,500	\$	13,099,943	\$ 3,187,510	\$ 16,287,453

The above general obligation bonded debt are direct borrowings of the School District for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the School District.

Legal Debt Margin

The School District is subject to legal limitations on the amount of debt that it may issue. The School District's legal debt margin is 10% of the most recent full valuation of taxable real property.

Compensated Absences

Vacation time is earned at the completion of one year of service. It has been the School District's practice to compensate administrators and all other employees for unused vacation time upon separation of service. The School District does not compensate employees for unused sick leave. The value of the compensated absences has been reflected in the district-wide financial statements.

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System and Teachers' Retirement System

The School District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all assets and record changes in fiduciary net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The School District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/about_us/financial_statements_index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The School District also participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

ERS and TRS are noncontributory for employees who joined the systems before July 27, 1976. Employees who joined the systems after July 27, 1976 and before January 1, 2010 contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership. Employees who joined the systems after January 1, 2010 generally contribute between 3% and 6% of their salary for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rates for the ERS plan year ended March 31, 2023 and TRS Plan year ended June 30, 2023:

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	2 751	16.0 %
	4 A15	13.1
	5 A15	11.2
	6 A15	8.3
TRS	1-6	10.29 %

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported the following for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for ERS and TRS:

	ERS			TRS		
Measurement date	Ма	rch 31, 2023	Ju	ne 30, 2022		
Net pension liability School Districts' proportion of the	\$	3,363,220	\$	2,069,553		
net pension liability		0.0156837 %		0.107852 %		
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		0.0017118 %		(0.002516) %		

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2023 for ERS and June 30, 2022 for TRS and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability were determined by actuarial valuations as of those dates. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability for ERS was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability for TRS was based on the School District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating members.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized its proportionate share of pension expense in the district-wide financial statements of \$4,002,968 (\$1,324,751 for ERS and \$2,678,217 for TRS). Pension expenditure for ERS of \$704,256 and \$8,314 were reported in the fund financial statements and were charged to the General and School Lunch funds, respectively. Pension expenditures for TRS of \$2,046,055 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General Fund.

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ERS					TRS				
		Deferred		Deferred	Deferred		Deferred			
		Outflows		Inflows		Outflows		Inflows		
	0	Resources	of	Resources	0	f Resources	of	Resources		
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	\$	358,209	\$	94,452	\$	2,168,630	\$	41,470		
Changes of assumptions		1,633,396		18,052		4,014,584		833,675		
Net difference between projected and actual										
earnings on pension plan investments		-		19,759		2,674,059		-		
Changes in proportion and differences										
between School District contributions and										
proportionate share of contributions		395,260		67,016		255,503		153,082		
School District contributions subsequent to										
the measurement date		285,238				2,037,913				
	Φ.	0.070.400	Φ.	400.070	Φ.	44 450 000	Φ.	4 000 007		
	\$	2,672,103	\$	199,279	\$	11,150,689	\$	1,028,227		
		Tot	al							
		Deferred		Deferred						
		Outflows		Inflows						
	of	Resources	of	Resources						
Differences between expected and										
actual experience	\$	2,526,839	\$	135,922						
Changes of assumptions		5,647,980		851,727						
Net difference between projected and actual										
earnings on pension plan investments		2,674,059		19,759						
Changes in proportion and differences										
between School District contributions and										
proportionate share of contributions		650,763		220,098						
School District contributions subsequent to										
the measurement date		2,323,151								
	\$	13,822,792	\$	1,227,506						

\$285,238 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from the School District's accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

decrease of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended March 31, 2024. The \$2,037,913 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to TRS will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the plan's year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS and TRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	 March 31,	June 30,
Year Ended	ERS	TRS
2023	\$ -	\$ 1,583,202
2024	563,548	840,142
2025	(86,517)	(332,454)
2026	754,667	5,269,406
2027	955,888	678,574
Thereafter		45,679
	\$ 2,187,586	\$ 8,084,549

The total pension liability for the ERS and TRS measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuation dates as noted below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to those measurement dates. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Investment rate of return	5.9% *	6.95% *
Salary scale	4.4%	1.95-5.18%
Inflation rate	2.9%	2.4%
Cost of living adjustments	1.5%	1.3%

^{*}Compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on the ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the ERS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020. The actuarial assumptions used in the TRS valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2020.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

	ER	S	TRS			
	March 3 ²	1, 2023	June 30, 2022			
	•	Long-Term		Long-Term		
		Expected		Expected		
	Target	Real Rate	Target	Real Rate		
Asset Type	Allocation	of Return	Allocation	of Return		
Domestic Equity	32 %	4.30 %	33 %	6.5 %		
International Equity	15	6.85	16	7.2		
Private Equity	10	7.50	8	9.9		
Real Estate	9	4.60	11	6.2		
Domestic Fixed Income Securities	-	-	16	1.1		
Global Bonds	-	-	2	0.6		
High Yield Bonds	-	-	1	3.3		
Global Equities	-	-	4	6.9		
Private Debt	-	-	2	5.3		
Real Estate Debt	-	-	6	2.4		
Opportunistic Portfolio/ARS Portfolio	3	5.38	-	-		
Credit	4	5.43	-	-		
Real Assets	3	5.84	-	-		
Fixed Income	23	1.50	-	-		
Cash	1	-	1	(0.3)		
	100 %		100 %			

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.9% for ERS and 2.4% for TRS.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (4.9% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1 percentage point higher (6.9% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase
	(4.90%)		(5.90%)		(6.90%)
\$	8,127,460	\$	3,363,220	\$	(617,857)
-				-	
	1%		Current		1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate		Increase
	(5.95%)		(6.95%)		(7.95%)
		-	<u>. </u>		
\$	19,082,253	\$	2,069,553	\$	(12,238,015)
		Decrease (4.90%) \$ 8,127,460 1% Decrease (5.95%)	Decrease Di (4.90%) \$ 8,127,460 \$ 1% Decrease Di (5.95%)	Decrease (4.90%) Discount Rate (5.90%) \$ 8,127,460 \$ 3,363,220 1% Decrease (5.95%) Current Discount Rate (6.95%)	Decrease (4.90%) Discount Rate (5.90%) \$ 8,127,460 \$ 3,363,220 1% Current Decrease (5.95%) Discount Rate (6.95%)

The components of the collective net pension liability as of the March 31, 2023 ERS measurement date and the June 30, 2022 TRS measurement date were as follows:

	ERS			TRS		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$	232,627,259,000 211,183,223,000	\$	133,883,473,797 131,964,582,107		
Employers' net pension liability	\$	21,444,036,000	\$	1,918,891,690		
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		90.78%		98.57%		

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

Employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to TRS in the following fiscal year through a state aid intercept or, if state aid is insufficient, through a payment by the School District to TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate plus employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to TRS.

Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 were \$285,238 to ERS and \$2,171,004 to TRS, inclusive of \$133,091 of employee contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Voluntary Defined Contribution Plan

The School District can offer a defined contribution plan to all non-union employees hired on or after July 1, 2013 and earning at the annual full-time salary rate of \$75,000 or more. The employee contribution is between 3% and 5% depending on salary and the School District will contribute 8%. Employer contributions vest after 366 days of service. No current employees participated in this program.

Other Postemployment Benefit Liability ("OPEB")

In addition to providing pension benefits, the School District provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the School District may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing postemployment health care benefits is shared between the School District and the retired employee as noted below. Substantially all of the School District's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the School District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions", so the net OPEB liability is equal to the total OPEB liability. Separate financial statements are not issued for the plan.

At June 30, 2023, the following participants were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive participants currently receiving benefit payments	82
Active participants	250
	332

The School District's total OPEB liability of \$7,013,532 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases 1.25%, average, including inflation

Discount rate 3.86%

Healthcare cost trend rates 7.750% for 2023, decreasing 0.25% per year to an ultimate

rate of 4.037% for 2075 and later years

Retirees' share of benefit-related Varies from 11% to 50%, depending on applicable

costs retirement year and bargaining unit

The discount rate was based on the Fidelity GO AA 20 Year Municipal Bond Index as of June 30, 2023.

Mortality rates were based on the sex-distinct and job category specific headcount weighted Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for employees, healthy retirees and contingent survivors adjusted for mortality improvements with Scale MP-2021 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The School District's change in the total OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of Year	\$ 8,843,169
Service cost	413,109
Interest	333,548
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(2,142,242)
Benefit payments	 (434,052)
Total OPEB Liability - End of Year	\$ 7,013,532

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.86%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.86%) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current			1%			
	Decrease	D	iscount Rate		Increase			
	 (2.86%)		(3.86%)		(3.86%)		(4.86%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,050,732	\$	7,013,532	\$	6,851,681			

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the School District, as well as what the School District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.750% decreasing to 3.037%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.750% decreasing to 5.037%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

				Current		
			I	Healthcare		
		1%	(Cost Trend		1%
		Decrease		Rates		Increase
	(6.75	50% decreasing	(7.75	0% decreasing	(8.75	0% decreasing
		to 3.037%)	1	to 4.037%)	t	o 5.037%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	6,513,006	\$	7,013,532	\$	7,482,117

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized OPEB expense of (\$1,461,579) in the district-wide financial statements. At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u> </u>	Deferred Outflows f Resources	 Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,754,222 236,322	\$ 4,214,961 9,746,104
	\$	1,990,544	\$ 13,961,065

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ (2,208,236) (2,216,696) (2,246,612) (2,111,237) (1,351,379) (1,836,361)
	\$ (11,970,521)

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without equivalent flows of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reported as transfers.

		Transfer In									
				Capital	S	Special	1	Non-Major			
	Genera	l	F	Projects		Aid	Go	overnmental			
Transfers Out	Fund			Fund		Fund		Funds		Total	
General Fund Special Aid Fund	\$	-	\$	658,566 311,431	\$	75,673 -	\$	1,014,096	\$	1,748,335 311,431	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	25,00	00_		-		-		_		25,000	
	\$ 25,00	00	\$	969,997	\$	75,673	\$	1,014,096	\$	2,084,766	

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move amounts earmarked in the General Fund to fulfill commitments for Special Aid Fund and Capital Projects Fund expenditures and 3) move funds from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund as debt service payments become due.

H. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Future Capital Projects - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for future capital projects.

Restricted for Tax Certiorari - the component of net position that has been established in accordance with the Education Law of the State of New York to provide funding for court ordered tax refunds which are currently in process.

Restricted for Unemployment Benefits - the component of net position that has been set aside to be used for a specific purpose in accordance with Section 6-m of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for ERS Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for ERS retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for TRS Retirement Contributions - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used for TRS retirement costs in accordance with Section 6-r of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Property Loss Reserve and Liability Claims - the component of net position that reports the amounts set aside to be used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred in accordance with the Education Law of the State of New York.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Special Purposes - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to be used for extraclassroom activities and other purposes with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Restricted for Permanent Fund - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the non-expendable trust with constraints placed on their use by external parties.

Unrestricted - all other amounts that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

I. Fund Balances

i dila Balarices		202	23		2022						
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total			
Nonspendable: Inventories Permanent Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,239 43,888	\$ 4,239 43,888	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 3,682 43,888	\$ 3,682 43,888			
Total Nonspendable			48,127	48,127			47,570	47,570			
Restricted:											
Tax certiorari	899,034	-	-	899,034	867,493	-	-	867,493			
Unemployment benefits	2,244	-	-	2,244	6,975	-	-	6,975			
Unemployment benefits - for subsequent											
year's expenditures	5,000	-	-	5,000	5,000	-	-	5,000			
Employee benefit accrued liability	413,121	-	-	413,121	416,963	-	-	416,963			
ERS retirement contributions	880,127	-	-	880,127	849,249	-	-	849,249			
ERS retirement contributions - for											
subsequent year's expenditures	450,000	-	-	450,000	450,000	-	-	450,000			
TRS retirement contributions	904,533	-	-	904,533	929,848	-	-	929,848			
TRS retirement contributions - for											
subsequent year's expenditures	217,920	-	-	217,920	217,920	-	-	217,920			
Property loss reserve and liability claims	140,051	-	-	140,051	49	-	-	49			
Future capital projects	47,457	-	-	47,457	45,793	-	-	45,793			
Capital projects	-	139,694	-	139,694	-	-	-	-			
Debt service	-	-	534,618	534,618	-	-	217,816	217,816			
Debt service - for subsequent											
year's expenditures	-	-	25,000	25,000	-	-	25,000	25,000			
Special purposes - extraclassroom activities	-	-	53,599	53,599	-	-	49,604	49,604			
Special purposes - other	-	-	56,606	56,606	-	-	60,127	60,127			
Permanent fund			41,382	41,382			39,361	39,361			
Total Restricted	3,959,487	139,694	711,205	4,810,386	3,789,290		391,908	4,181,198			
Assigned:											
Purchases on order:											
General government support	8,779	-	_	8,779	78,478	-	_	78,478			
Instruction	281,667	-	-	281,667	218,880	-	-	218,880			
Pupil transportation	49,935	-	-	49,935	24,272	-	-	24,272			
Employee benefits					34,021			34,021			
	340,381			340,381	355,651			355,651			
For subsequent year's expenditures -	825,000			825,000	825,000			825,000			
General Fund	825,000	-	-		825,000	-	-				
School Lunch Fund	-		8,643	8,643			25,002	25,002			
Total Assigned	1,165,381		8,643	1,174,024	1,180,651		25,002	1,205,653			
Unassigned	1,904,127			1,904,127	1,761,424	(420,560)		1,340,864			
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 7,028,995	\$ 139,694	\$ 767,975	\$ 7,936,664	\$ 6,731,365	\$ (420,560)	\$ 464,480	\$ 6,775,285			

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements, which are not reflected in the Statement of Net Position but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Inventories in the School Lunch Fund have been classified as nonspendable to indicate that a portion of fund balance is not "available" for expenditure because the asset is in the form of commodities and the School District anticipates utilizing them in the normal course of operations.

The corpus of the Permanent Fund has been classified as nonspendable to indicate the portion of the trust with constraints placed on its use by external parties.

Restricted for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability - the component of fund balance that reports the amounts set aside to be used for the payment of unused sick and vacation time granted upon termination or separation from service in accordance with Section 6-p of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the School District's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent year's expenditures represent that at June 30, 2023, the Board of Education has utilized the above amounts to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Assigned for School Lunch Fund represents the component of fund balance that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the School Lunch Fund.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

A. Litigation

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the School District if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of these possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year the payment is made.

The School District is a defendant in a case involving a former student which alleges sexual abuse. The School District's submitted a motion to dismiss based on the statute of limitations and failure to state a cause of action. The Southern District of New York dismissed the federal claims but refused to exercise supplemental jurisdiction and rule on the state law claims. State law claims were dismissed without prejudice. The Plaintiff re-filed the case as it related to the state law claims in Westchester County Supreme Court. The parties have completed the discovery phase of litigation and the outcome is indeterminable at this time. No provision for loss has been included in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2023

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The School District is a defendant in a case involving a former student which alleges sexual abuse. The matter is in its early stages and still pending. The School District submitted a notice of appearance and an answer to the complaint. The parties have completed discovery, including depositions. No provision for loss has been included in the financial statements.

B. Contingencies

The School District participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Uniform Guidance. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The School District is subject to audits of State aid by the New York State Education Department. The amount of aid previously paid to the School District which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, although the School District anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Risk Management

The School District and other school districts have formed a reciprocal insurance company to be owned by these districts. This Company operates under an agreement effective July 1, 1989. The purpose of the Company is to provide general liability, auto liability, all risk building and contents and auto physical damage coverage. In addition, as part of the reciprocal program, excess insurance, school board legal liability, equipment floaters, boilers and machinery and crime and bond coverages will be purchased from commercial carriers and be available to the subscriber districts. The Company retains a management company which is responsible for the overall supervision and management of the reciprocal. The reciprocal is managed by a Board of Governors and an Attorney-in-fact, which is comprised of employees of the subscriber districts. The subscribers have elected those who sit on the board and each subscriber has a single vote. The Company is an "assessable" insurance company, in that, the subscribers are severally liable for any financial shortfall of the Company and can be assessed their proportionate share by the State Insurance Department if the funds of the Company are less than what is required to satisfy its liabilities. The subscriber districts are required to pay premiums as well as a minimal capital contribution.

The School District purchases various insurance coverages from the Company to reduce its exposure to loss. The School District maintains a general liability insurance policy with coverage up to \$1 million. The School District also maintains liability coverage for school board members up to \$1 million and an umbrella policy which provides coverage up to \$19 million. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements (Concluded) June 30, 2023

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

The School District and neighboring school districts in Northern Westchester and Putnam Counties participate in the Westchester Putnam School Cooperative Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan. This Plan operates under an agreement, as amended, dated February 6, 1987. The purposes of the Plan are to provide for the efficient and economical evaluation, processing, administration, defense and payment of claims against Plan members for workers' compensation payments. The Board of Trustees of the Plan consists of five Trustees selected by the Plan members. Each Trustee shall have one vote and no action may be taken except by a majority of the total membership of Trustees. Billings to each participant are based upon the cost incurred for workers' compensation. The School District has transferred all related risk to the Plan.

The School District, along with other municipal entities, participates in the Municipal Employees Benefits Consortium ("MEBCO"). MEBCO is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and health insurance program for its members. MEBCO was formed in April 1988 pursuant to an act of the Board of Legislators of the County of Westchester. This act provided cities, towns, villages and certain school districts throughout Westchester County with an opportunity to participate in a cooperative program for providing health benefits to municipal employees by entering into an intermunicipal agreement pursuant to Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law of the State of New York. MEBCO functions primarily as a claims service whereby each participating municipality retains its own risk. MEBCO does not transfer risk since charges to each municipality are ultimately determined by their individual claims/loss experience. The School District pays the pool an annual provision for its health coverage. The purpose of the pool is to stabilize the cost of medical benefits provided to employees. MEBCO functions primarily as a claims service whereby each member of MEBCO retains its own risk for individual claims up to \$75,000. Premium equivalents are set for each municipality based upon their individual claim loss experience for all claims under \$75,000. The pool has insurance coverage to pay for individual claims above \$75,000. For individual claims above \$75,000, the risk is insured by MEBCO's participation in a captive insurance company, which currently is Tokio Marine. It underwrites risk for individual claims above \$75,000. MEBCO has entered into a participation agreement with Tokio Marine to be part of a segregated account within this captive insurance company ("MEBCO Segregated Cell"). Claims in this second tier are funded by amounts paid by each member to the captive for premium contributions and stop loss coverage that the captive secures on MEBCO's behalf.

Note 5 - Recently Issued GASB Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences", provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

This is not an all-inclusive list of recently issued GASB pronouncements but rather a listing of Statements that the School District believes will most impact its financial statements. The School District will evaluate the impact of this and other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years (1) (2)

	2023 2022		2022	2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability: Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$ 413,109 333,548	\$	499,080 181,764	\$	759,643 423,581	\$	1,100,348 773,925	\$	910,125 815,147	\$ 912,502 757,010
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments	- - (2,142,242) (434,052)		(6,270,680) (4 (625,623) (359,674)	4)	(2,025,879) (536,832)		(9,861,920) 3,490,646 (464,719)		212,232 (1,449,526) (672,425)	672,305 (197,421) (1,104,537)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(1,829,637)		(6,575,133)		(1,379,487)		(4,961,720)		(184,447)	 1,039,859
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning of Year	8,843,169		15,418,302		16,797,789		21,759,509		21,943,956	 20,904,097 (3)
Total OPEB Liability – End of Year	\$ 7,013,532	\$	8,843,169	\$	15,418,302	\$	16,797,789	\$	21,759,509	\$ 21,943,956
School District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 25,463,159	\$	25,503,392	\$	24,508,702	\$	23,297,702	\$	23,148,617	\$ 22,803,312
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	27.54%	<u> </u>	34.67%		62.91%	_	72.10%		94.00%	 96.23%
Discount Rate	3.86%		3.69%		1.92%		2.45%	_	3.13%	3.62%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2018 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

⁽²⁾ No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of this Statement to pay related benefits.

⁽³⁾ Restated for the implementation of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75.

⁽⁴⁾ Premiums increased less then expected, along with a decrease in the total number of active employees and retirees covered by the plan. The election coverage percentage was revised from 100% to 95% as of July 1, 2021. The mortality improvement scale was revised from MP-2020 to MP-2021. The annual rate of increase in healthcare costs was revised based on the 2022 Getzen Model. Retiree contributions for health care costs were updated to reflect the latest collective bargaining agreements. These updated assumptions led to a reduction in the liability.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

		Schedu	ule of the School D	istrict's Proportiona	ate Share of the Ne	t Pension Liability (A	asset) (2)		
	2023 (3)	2022 (4)	2021 (3)	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.107852%	0.110368%	0.105340%	0.106545%	0.105717%	0.109364%	0.109763%	0.109625%	0.109989%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,069,553	\$ (19,125,681)	\$ 2,910,824	\$ (2,768,036)	\$ (1,911,648)	\$ (831,271)	\$ 1,175,612	\$ (11,386,513)	\$ (12,252,122)
School District's covered payroll	\$ 19,248,536	\$ 18,801,445	\$ 17,918,217	\$ 17,805,296	\$ 17,195,034	\$ 17,332,571	\$ 17,003,533	\$ 16,509,291	\$ 16,447,718
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	(10.75%)	(101.72%)	16.25%	(15.55)%	(11.12)%	(4.80)%	(6.91)%	(68.97)%	(74.49)%
percentage of the total pension liability	98.57%	113.20%	97.76%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%
Discount Rate	6.95%	6.95%	7.10%	7.10%	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%	8.00%	8.00%
				Schedule o	f Contributions				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,037,913	\$ 1,875,258	\$ 1,784,731	\$ 1,587,554	\$ 1,892,562	\$ 1,685,113	\$ 2,031,377	\$ 2,254,668	\$ 2,894,079
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,037,913)	(1,875,258)	(1,784,731)	(1,587,554)	(1,892,562)	(1,685,113)	(2,031,377)	(2,254,668)	(2,894,079)
Contribution excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School District's covered payroll	\$ 19,937,887	\$ 19,248,536	\$ 18,801,445	\$ 17,918,217	\$ 17,805,296	\$ 17,195,034	\$ 17,332,571	\$ 17,003,533	\$ 16,509,291
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.22%	9.74%	9.49%	8.86%	10.62%	9.80%	11.72%	13.26%	17.53%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Increase in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

⁽⁴⁾ Decrease in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

				Sche	dule	of the School	Dist	rict's Proportio	nate	Share of the N	let P	Pension Liability	<i>i</i> (2)			
		2023 (3)		2022 (4)		2021 (4)		2020 (3)		2019		2018		2017	 2016	 2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0156837%		0.0139719%		0.0145171%		0.0152513%		0.0154731%		0.0154754%		0.0155721%	 0.0153166%	 0.0155537%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,363,220	\$	(1,142,146)	\$	14,455	\$	4,038,640	\$	1,096,315	\$	499,460	\$	1,463,193	\$ 2,458,354	\$ 525,443
School District's covered payroll	\$	5,007,726	\$	5,722,899	\$	5,185,328	\$	5,610,710	\$	5,447,185	\$	5,073,119	\$	5,036,810	\$ 4,835,160	\$ 4,550,520
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	_	(67.16%)		(19.96%)		0.28%		71.98%		20.13%		9.85%		29.05%	50.84%	 11.55%
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.78%		103.65%		99.95%		86.39%		96.27%		98.24%		94.70%	 90.70%	 97.90%
Discount Rate		5.90%		5.90%		5.90%	_	6.80%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%	 7.00%	 7.50%
	Schedule of Contributions															
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	629,766	\$	820,359	\$	795,511	\$	765,917	\$	727,374	\$	754,926	\$	735,418	\$ 833,908	\$ 815,893
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(629,766)		(820,359)		(795,511)		(765,917)		(727,374)		(754,926)		(735,418)	(833,908)	(815,893)
Contribution excess	\$		\$	_	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
School District's covered payroll	\$	3,164,010	\$	5,894,246	\$	5,311,983	\$	5,490,427	\$	5,484,743	\$	5,164,255	\$	5,086,719	\$ 4,834,113	\$ 4,681,003
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		19.90%		13.92%		14.98%	_	13.95%		13.26%		14.62%		14.46%	 17.25%	 17.43%

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions".

⁽²⁾ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

⁽³⁾ Increase in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to decrease in plan fiduciary net position due to investment losses.

⁽⁴⁾ Decrease in the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability mainly attributable to increase in plan fiduciary net position due to investment gains.



General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss	\$ 39,444,069 1,617,197 550,000 822,474 80,000	\$ 39,444,069 1,617,197 550,000 822,474 80,000	\$ 39,436,047 1,621,798 587,059 1,268,999 504,479	\$	\$ (8,022) 4,601 37,059 446,525 424,479
State aid Miscellaneous	3,583,004 240,054	3,583,004 280,563	3,684,773 204,194		101,769 (76,369)
Total Revenues	46,337,798	46,542,058	47,487,548		945,490
EXPENDITURES Current General support Board of education Central administration Finance Staff Central services Special items	74,698 370,503 744,041 306,942 3,385,616 479,822	75,348 380,653 730,728 471,077 3,879,643 479,822	72,911 368,863 713,092 467,605 3,820,652 467,041	400 8,379 - - - -	2,037 3,411 17,636 3,472 58,991 12,781
Total General Support	5,361,622	6,017,271	5,910,164	8,779	98,328
Instruction Instruction, administration and improvement Teaching - Regular school Programs for students with disabilities Programs for English language learners	1,898,794 12,418,093 8,156,904 377,306	1,882,851 12,289,165 8,223,055 410,759	1,759,230 12,163,587 7,838,990 391,829	11,280 - 251,390 -	112,341 125,578 132,675 18,930
Occupational education	262,590	263,000	262,999	- 075	1
Instructional media Pupil services	1,474,781 2,552,799	1,523,649 2,597,080	1,499,915 2,402,349	875 18,122	22,859 176,609
Total Instruction	27,141,267	27,189,559	26,318,899	281,667	588,993
Pupil transportation Employee benefits Debt service Interest	2,470,768 11,305,233 248,266	2,399,636 10,906,077 249,571	2,314,199 10,673,750 249,571	49,935 - -	35,502 232,327 -
Total Expenditures	46,527,156	46,762,114	45,466,583	340,381	955,150
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(189,358)	(220,056)	2,020,965	(340,381)	1,900,640
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	25,000 (1,689,213)	25,000 (1,755,859)	25,000 (1,748,335)		- 7,524
Total Other Financing Uses	(1,664,213)	(1,730,859)	(1,723,335)		7,524
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,853,571)	(1,950,915)	297,630	\$ (340,381)	\$ 1,908,164
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	1,853,571	1,950,915	6,731,365		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,028,995		
0 i d d t dit l					

See independent auditors' report.

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 39,444,069	\$ 39,444,069	\$ 39,436,047	\$ (8,022)
OTHER TAX ITEMS School tax relief reimbursement Interest and penalties on real property taxes	1,617,197 	1,617,197 	1,617,197 4,601	- 4,601
NON PROPERTY TAYER	1,617,197	1,617,197	1,621,798	4,601
NON-PROPERTY TAXES Non-property tax distribution from County	550,000	550,000	587,059	37,059
CHARGES FOR SERVICES				
Other student fees and charges Non-resident tuition from other districts	70,000 752,474	70,000 752,474	187,047 1,081,952	117,047 329,478
	822,474	822,474	1,268,999	446,525
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY				
Earnings on investments	70,000	70,000	496,949	426,949
Rental of real property - Individuals	10,000	10,000	7,530	(2,470)
	80,000	80,000	504,479	424,479
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS				
Sale of equipment	1,000	16,677	15,677	(1,000)
Insurance recoveries		148,074	164,522	16,448
	1,000	164,751	180,199	15,448

STATE AID				
Basic formula	2,916,221	2,507,241	2,626,671	119,430
Lottery aid	-	255,174	255,174	_
BOCES	579,553	734,101	732,310	(1,791)
Textbook aid	-	61,804	45,934	(15,870)
Software aid	87,230	18,247	18,247	·
Library aid		6,437	6,437	
	3,583,004	3,583,004	3,684,773	101,769
MISCELLANEOUS				
Refund of prior year's expenditures	150,000	150,000	112,209	(37,791)
Gifts and donations	1,000	41,509	40,509	(1,000)
Medicare Part D reimbursement	-	_	38,886	38,886
Other	89,054	89,054	12,590	(76,464)
	240,054	280,563	204,194	(76,369)
TOTAL REVENUES	46,337,798	46,542,058	47,487,548	945,490
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in				
Debt Service Fund	25,000	25,000	25,000	
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER				
FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 46,362,798	\$ 46,567,058	\$ 47,512,548	\$ 945,490

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended June 30, 2023

GENERAL SUPPORT	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Encumbr- ances	Variance with Final Budget
BOARD OF EDUCATION					
Board of education	\$ 36,000	\$ 35,050	\$ 34,404	\$ 400	\$ 246
District clerk	21,958	21,958	21,173	-	785
District meeting	16,740	18,340	17,334		1,006
Total Board of Education	74,698	75,348	72,911	400	2,037
CENTRAL ADMINISTRATION					
Chief school administrator	370,503	380,653	368,863	8,379	3,411
FINANCE					
Business administration	555,395	548,981	540,978	_	8,003
Auditing	72,500	61,600	52,091	_	9,509
Treasurer	100,146	100,147	100,118	_	29
Tax collection	2,500	1,500	1,405	-	95
Fiscal agent fees	13,500	18,500	18,500		
Total Finance	744,041	730,728	713,092		17,636
STAFF					
Legal	162,322	275,812	275,804	_	8
Personnel	87,570	107,190	107,109	-	81
Records Management Officer	3,750	3,750	3,750	-	-
Public information and services	53,300	84,325	80,942		3,383
Total Staff	306,942	471,077	467,605		3,472

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	892 991
Total Central Services 3,385,616 3,879,643 3,820,652 - 58,9 SPECIAL ITEMS Unallocated insurance 193,900 193,900 181,119 - 12,7	991
SPECIAL ITEMS Unallocated insurance 193,900 193,900 181,119 - 12,7	
Unallocated insurance 193,900 193,900 181,119 - 12,7	781 - <u>-</u>
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	781 - <u>-</u>
Judgements and claims 9.457 9.457 - 9.457 -	<u>-</u>
Administrative and capital charges - BOCES 276,465 276,465 276,465 -	
Total Special Items 479,822 479,822 467,041 - 12,7	781
Total General Support <u>5,361,622</u> <u>6,017,271</u> <u>5,910,164</u> <u>8,779</u> <u>98,3</u>	328
INSTRUCTION	
INSTRUCTION, ADMINISTRATION	
AND IMPROVEMENT	
Curriculum development and supervision 582,094 570,800 477,032 11,280 82,4	
Supervision - Regular school 1,316,700 1,312,051 1,282,198 - 29,8	853
Total Instruction, Administration	
and Improvement1,898,7941,882,8511,759,23011,280112,3	341
TEACHING - REGULAR SCHOOL 12,418,093 12,289,165 12,163,587 - 125,5	578
PROGRAMS FOR STUDENTS 8,156,904 8,223,055 7,838,990 251,390 132,6	675
PROGRAMS FOR ENGLISH 377,306 410,759 391,829 - 18,9	020
LANGUAGE LEARNERS 377,306 410,759 391,829 - 18,9	930_
OCCUPATIONAL EDUCATION 262,590 263,000 262,999 -	1
INSTRUCTIONAL MEDIA	
School library and audiovisual 428,900 441,498 425,237 - 16,2	
Computer assisted instruction 1,045,881 1,082,151 1,074,678 875 6,5	598
Total Instructional Media 1,474,781 1,523,649 1,499,915 875 22,8	859

(Continued)

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Encumbr- ances		Variance with Final Budget	
INSTRUCTION (Continued)										
PUPIL SERVICES										
Guidance - Regular school	\$	747,760	\$	764,553	\$	753,598	\$	2,700	\$	8,255
Health services - Regular school		323,785		325,484		289,124		7,647		28,713
Psychological services - Regular school		508,144		514,329		502,045		_		12,284
Co-curricular activities - Regular school		226,436		241,436		193,876		-		47,560
Interscholastic athletics - Regular school		746,674		751,278		663,706		7,775		79,797
Total Pupil Services		2,552,799		2,597,080		2,402,349		18,122		176,609
Total Instruction		27,141,267		27,189,559		26,318,899		281,667		588,993
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION										
District transportation services		2,470,768		2,399,636		2,314,199		49,935		35,502
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS										
State retirement		1,139,705		755,095		704,256		-		50,839
Teachers' retirement		1,960,125		2,080,481		2,046,055		-		34,426
Social security		1,961,927		1,959,892		1,898,138		-		61,754
Unemployment benefits		10,000		8,000		-		-		8,000
Hospital, medical and dental insurance		5,712,658		5,502,258		5,459,638		-		42,620
Workers' compensation benefits		180,165		210,923		201,548		-		9,375
Life insurance		7,920		7,920		7,208		-		712
Other benefits		84,059		132,834		130,758		-		2,076
Union welfare benefits		248,674		248,674		226,149				22,525
Total Employee Benefits		11,305,233		10,906,077		10,673,750				232,327

DEBT SERVICE

Interest Bond anticipation notes	248,266	249,571	249,571		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	46,527,156	46,762,114	45,466,583	340,381	955,150
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out					
Capital Projects Fund	600,455	658,567	658,566	-	1
Special Aid Fund	65,000	78,000	75,673	-	2,327
Debt Service Fund	1,023,758	1,014,592	1,010,120	_	4,472
School Lunch Fund	_ _	4,700	3,976		724
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	1,689,213	1,755,859	1,748,335		7,524
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 48,216,369	\$ 48,517,973	\$ 47,214,918	\$ 340,381	\$ 962,674

Capital Projects Fund Project-Length Schedule Inception of Project Through June 30, 2023

	Expenditures and Transfers to Date								
				Prior		Current		U	nexpended
PROJECT		Authorization		Years		Year	 Total		Balance
Water Supply Project	\$	900,000	\$	704,310	\$	94,590	\$ 798,900	\$	101,100
Bus Garage and MS/HS Drainage		177,384		173,259		4,125	177,384		-
MS/HS HVAC		259,400		187,638		28,593	216,231		43,169
District-wide Improvements		236,748		-		-	-		236,748
Turf Field		6,754,619		571,382		4,687,482	5,258,864		1,495,755
MS/HS Ventilators Replacement		461,960		33,423		359,921	393,344		68,616
MS/HS- Water Filter/Priming		469,563		235,006		212,426	447,432		22,131
Water Filtration Project PQ		502,800		30,592		3,164	33,756		469,044
Turf Field Press Box		143,650		24,306		69,082	93,388		50,262
PQ Field Renovation		98,863		4,507		-	4,507		94,356
Buses and Bucket Loader		1,085,000		-		995,360	995,360		89,640
Technology Subscriptions		11,667				11,667	 11,667		<u>-</u>
Totals	\$	11,101,654	\$	1,964,423	\$	6,466,410	\$ 8,430,833	\$	2,670,821

Proceeds of		f Fin	f Financing				Fund Balance (Deficit) at	Bond Anticipation Notes Outstanding at	
Obligations	 Transfers		State Aid		Totals	Jur	ne 30, 2023		lune 30, 2023
\$ - 173,259	\$ 900,000	\$	-	\$	900,000 173,259	\$	101,100 (4,125)	\$	- 4,125
171,583			_		171,583		(44,648)		87,817
17 1,303	_		_		17 1,505		(44,040)		236,748
5,070,658	225,453		- -		5,296,111		37,247		1,458,508
-	344,854		-		344,854		(48,490)		115,000
235,006	-		-		235,006		(212,426)		234,557
30,592	230,455		-		261,047		227,291		241,753
92,000	-		-		92,000		(1,388)		51,650
-	-		-		-		(4,507)		98,863
1,085,000	_		-		1,085,000		89,640		-
11,667	 		<u>-</u>		11,667		<u> </u>		
\$ 6,869,765	\$ 1,700,762	\$		\$	8,570,527	\$	139,694	\$	2,529,021

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

		School Lunch		Special Purpose	Pe	ermanent		Debt Service		Total Non-Major overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$	80,203	\$	53,599	\$	_	\$	_	\$	133,802
Odon and oquivalents	Ψ	00,200	Ψ	00,000	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	100,002
Investments				56,606		85,270		557,995		699,871
Receivables Accounts		638								638
State and Federal aid		10,831		-		-				10,831
ctate and i ederal and		-						1,623		1,623
		11,469						1,623		13,092
Inventories		4,239								4,239
Total Assets	\$	95,911	\$	110,205	\$	85,270	\$	559,618	\$	851,004
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	25,508	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	25,508
Due to other governments		40		-		-		-		40
Unearned revenues	_	57,481							-	57,481
Total Liabilities		83,029								83,029
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		4,239		-		43,888		-		48,127
Restricted		-		110,205		41,382		559,618		711,205
Assigned	_	8,643								8,643
Total Fund Balances		12,882		110,205		85,270		559,618		767,975
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	95,911	\$	110,205	\$	85,270	\$	559,618	\$	851,004

See independent auditors' report.

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	School Lunch	Special Purpose	Permanent	Debt Service	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES		Φ 0.070	.		. 0.47.505
Use of money and property State aid	\$ 624 5,488	\$ 2,078	\$ 3,021	\$ 341,802	\$ 347,525 5,488
Federal aid	188,993	-	-	-	188,993
Food sales	343,568	-	-	-	343,568
Miscellaneous	29	82,078			82,107
Total Revenues	538,702	84,156	3,021	341,802	967,681
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	-	- 8,349	1,000	-	1,000
Community services Cost of food sales	- 558,480	6,349	-	-	8,349 558,480
Other	-	75,333	-	-	75,333
Debt Service					
Principal Interest	-	-	-	775,608	775,608
Interest	<u>-</u> _			234,512	234,512
Total Expenditures	558,480	83,682	1,000	1,010,120	1,653,282
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(19,778)	474	2,021	(668,318)	(685,601)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	3,976	-	-	1,010,120	1,014,096
Transfers out				(25,000)	(25,000)
Total Other Financing Sources	3,976			985,120	989,096
Net Change in Fund Balances	(15,802)	474	2,021	316,802	303,495
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	28,684	109,731	83,249	242,816	464,480
End of Year	\$ 12,882	\$ 110,205	\$ 85,270	\$ 559,618	\$ 767,975

See independent auditors' report.

General Fund Analysis of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget Year Ended June 30, 2023			
Adopted Budget		\$	47,860,718
Additions - Encumbrances			355,651
Original Budget			48,216,369
Budget Amendments			301,604
Final Budget		\$	48,517,973
General Fund Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation			
2023-24 Expenditure Budget		<u>\$</u>	49,332,136
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law			
Unrestricted fund balance			
Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 1,165,38° 1,904,12°		
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	3,069,508	<u> </u>	
Less Appropriated for subsequent year's budget Encumbrances	825,000 340,38		
Total Adjustments	1,165,38	<u>1</u>	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$	1,904,127
Actual Percentage		_	3.86%

Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets Year Ended June 30, 2023

Capital Assets, net	\$ 36,251,440
Plus Unexpended debt proceeds	2,045,197
Less General obligation bonds payable Leases payable Subscriptions payable Bond anticipation notes payable	13,085,000 6,776 3,783
	15,624,580
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 22,672,057





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the North Salem Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Salem Central School District, New York ("School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York September 29, 2023



Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Education of the North Salem Central School District, New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the North Salem Central School District, New York's ("School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS"); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("Government Auditing Standards"); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error; as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for
 the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP

Harrison, New York September 29, 2023



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year Ended June 30, 2023					
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Sub- recipients	Federal Program Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education					
Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program - Commodities National School Lunch Program - Cash Supply Chain Funding	10.553 10.555 10.555 10.555	N/A N/A N/A N/A	\$ - - - -	\$ 20,443 29,835 114,673 22,786	
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			-	187,737	
State Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs Grants	10.649	N/A		1,256	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				188,993	
U.S. Department of Education					
Indirect Programs - Passed through New York State Department of Education					
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool) Special Education - Grants to States (ARP Supplemental 611) Special Education - Preschool Grants (ARP Supplemental 619)	84.027 84.173 84.027X 84.173X	0032-23-1081 0033-22-1081 5532-22-1081 5533-22-1081	- - -	248,191 6,539 50,851 5,661	
Subtotal Special Education Cluster				311,242	
Title I Grants - Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants - Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	0021-22-3760 0021-23-3760		17,459 60,064	
				77,523	
Title II Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant Title II Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367 84.367	0147-22-3760 0147-23-3760	<u> </u>	37,119 7,641	
				44,760	
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424 84.424	0204-22-3760 0204-23-3760		12,425 6,045	
				18,470	
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Elementary and Secondary School	84.425U	5880-21-3760	-	372,107	
Emergency Relief (CRRSA ESSER)	84.425D	5891-21-3760		119,876	
				491,983	
Total U.S. Department of Education				943,978	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 1,132,971	
Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER) Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (CRRSA ESSER) Total U.S. Department of Education			- - - - - \$ -	11 49	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the North Salem Central School District, New York ("School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. Federal awards received directly from the Federal agencies as well as Federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the Schedule. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through identifying numbers are presented where available.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements aud prepared in accordance with GAAP	dited were	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporti Material weakness(es) identi Significant deficiency(ies) ide	YesX_No Yes _X_None reported						
Noncompliance material to financial noted?	YesX_No						
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major federal po • Material weakness(es) identi • Significant deficiency(ies) ide	fied?	YesX_No YesX_None reported					
Type of auditors' report issued on co for major federal programs	Unmodified						
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes <u>X</u> No					
Identification of major federal progra	ims:						
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Prog	ram or Cluster					
84.425U 84.425D	ndary School Emergency R) ndary School Emergency SER)						
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ms:	\$750,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	Yes <u>X</u> No						

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Concluded) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2023

None